

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

VOLUME XXII. NO. 49

EMPRESS, ALTA. THURSDAY, May 9th, 1935

Price: \$2.00 Per Year.

United Church

MOTHER'S DAY
Sunday, May 12

Empress—
Sunday School, 11:00 a.m.
Church Service, 11:30 a.m.

Leland, 3 p.m.
Rev. A. J. Law, B.A., Pastor

Grading Red Spring Wheats

The definition for No. 2 Manitoba Northern Red Spring Wheat as given in Schedule I to the Canada Grains Act, 1930, having been amended in 1934 to be effective 1st August, 1935, on and after that date the varieties of Red Spring Wheat eligible to be graded in the different statutory grades of Red Spring Wheat will be as follows:

Grade—No. 1 Man, Mar., No. 1 Man, Northern, No. 2 Man, Northern, Definitions Marquis or equal to Marquis.

Varieties eligible—Marquis, Reward, Ceres, Pioneer, Red Fife, Bonfond, Red Bob 222 Supreme, Early Red Fife, Ruby, Marly Triumph.

Grade—No. 3 Man, Northern, Definition: Red Spring Wheat of fair milling quality.

Varieties eligible—Kota, Kitchener, Preston, Huron, Stanley, Marquillo, Parker's Selection, Bromhead, Percy.

Grade—No. 4 Man, Northern, Definition: Red Spring Wheat.

Varieties eligible—Early Pro-life, Vermillion, Lodge.

Note: Garnet Wheat excluded from the special grades established for this variety on account of admixture of other varieties of Red Spring Wheat, may be graded No. 3 Manitoba Northern.

By Order of the Board,
J. Rayner, Secretary,
Board of Grain Commissioners
for Canada

Social Credit Constituency Convention

In spite of prevalent stormy weather, the Social Credit Convention for the Empress Constituency, at Sulfurfield, on Thursday, May 2nd, was well attended. Seventy delegates were registered at the commencement meeting. The meeting was called to order soon after 1 p.m., with Mr. McMorrow of Sulfurfield, as chairman, who called upon Mr. D. Lush, of Empress, to make a few remarks in connection with the procedure to be followed:

Hon. President: Wm. A. Lush, B.A.

President: I. Atkinson, Hilda, Vice-Pres.: D. Lush, Empress.

Secretary: R. Klimuk, Jenner.

A resolution committee was then appointed to handle the resolutions of the meeting.

On a motion which was much discussed, it was resolved that three delegates be appointed from the east side of the river and four delegates from the west side, and that these delegates act as a board of directors.

Discussion then occurred as to registration of groups after which a twenty minute recess was called.

After the adjournment, the roll of delegates present was called. Mr. T. Mautz then spoke on "zoning the constituency. This was passed as a motion.

After some discussion it was decided to elect two nominees from the east side of the river and two from the west side for selection of candidate. The two divisions then voted their particular choices.

Messrs. A. Zeigler and I. Atkinson were elected for the east side and D. Lush and R. Klimuk for the west side. Defeated nominees were J. Strong and O. Olsen. Appointment of a delegate in place of D. Lush was then voted.

The nominees for candidate each then made five-minute speeches.

A vote of thanks was accorded the chairman for the manner in which he handled the convention.

The convention was then closed by singing of "God Save King."

Correction

CHOICE OF TRAVEL
in COACHES - TOURIST
or STANDARD SLEEPERS
Fare slightly higher for Tourist or
Standard Sleepers in addition
to usual berth charge.

Tickets at First Class rate will be honored on Canadian Pacific Lines, Lake Superior (within 100 miles) on payment of meals and berth charge.

RETURN LIMIT 30 DAYS
in addition to date of sale

For Fares, Train Service, etc.
Apply Ticket Agent

CANADIAN
PACIFIC

AT This SEASON

pictures of members of the family, family groups and outdoor scenes are desirable and offer added enjoyment in spring activities. We are pleased to assist you in your kodak problems. See us for Supplies and Developing.

GOLF CLUBS and SUPPLIES

EMPRESS DRUG CO., Ltd.

We are agents for leading nurseries. Cut Flowers ordered on shortest possible notice.

School Report

Grade I:

Newell Russell, 98

Gordon Biawell, 95.5

Gordon Hopkins, 88

Peter Oresd, 84.7

Yvonne Leach, 79.5

Grade II:

Jean Nickel, 78.4

Marie Nickel, 87.1

Margaret Lyster, 86

Ethel Rauch, 83.5

Shirley Duff, 82.3

Barbara Brunner, 76

Betty McLeod, 75.8

Maria Fischbuech, 74.4

Ralph Scott, 71.5

Eva Leach, 68.3

Jack Chell, 59.7

Grade IV:

Walter Leach, 81.6

Esther Rauch, 81.1

Jack Law, 74.6

Marjorie Scott, 63.7

Grade V:

Helen Brunner, 99.9

Edna McRae, 89.2

Burley Bowler, 87.4

Alton Robertson, 87.2

Billy Pool, 85.1

Yvette Fischbuech, 81.7

Leslie Robertson, 77.2

Scorine Chell, 75.7

Gordon Rauch, 74.6

Laura Russell, 69.2

Evelyn Stonely, 68.8

Irene Scott, 67.5

New Wheat Pact

A press cable from London states that a new world wheat pact to substitute for the 1933 agreement which was repudiated five months ago by Argentina will be sought when representatives of 21 nations gather here May 22.

The Canadian and United States delegates were represented as convinced another international wheat crisis is inevitable unless an agreement can be reached, now that the effects of the 1934 drought, beneficial to the wheat market, are no longer to be feared.

No hope was held that increases in the acreage of the big four nations, Canada, the United States, Australia and Argentina, can be checked during the planting season of the next two months, but delegates were hopeful a two or three year agreement can be obtained for actual acreage reduction.

The current quotas which were abandoned for this year at the big four negotiations on March 6, were expected to be the most difficult problem to be solved during the conference next month. — Grain Trade News.

Premier Benito Mussolini gives the Italian people a cryptic warning of "the approach of a hard period" through which they are "to reach those ends which we have already precisely determined." The warning comes in an address to 15,000 Fascists observing the 2688th anniversary of Rome's founding. The leaders, knowing 30,000 troops have recently been sent to Italian Somaliland and Eritrea on the border of Ethiopia and that 75,000 artisans are being prepared to follow, believe the Premier refers to expansion in Africa. Thoughtful! If Duce gives no further key, but adds—"We have gone slowly in order not to go backward"—Christian Science Monitor.

Snow fell at Jenner and points further west on Monday night and was lashed into a blizzard by the winds. In this district rain fell and was fairly heavy just north of town.

Branch of Fish and Game Association, Desirable

Below we publish a letter received from Mr. Eiter, Saskatchewan Game Guardian, to one who is interested in the conservation of game in these parts. The letter is self explanatory. A little while back we published information respecting nesting places for geese much along the same lines from the Alberta Game Guardians office.

It would seem that there are a number of good sportsmen, both sides of the border, who resent illegal practices in the hunting of game birds which has occurred. With the end in view of the conservation of these birds, it would appear desirable that a branch of the Fish and Game Association should be formed so that jurisdiction may be exercised in this regard.

Regina, April 26th, 1935

Dear Sir:

W. C. Ross, Esq., K.C., M.L.A., president of the Saskatchewan Fish and Game League, has forwarded me a copy of your letter of the 2nd instant, addressed to Wm. Maguire Esq., the Secretary.

I have read the letter with a great deal of interest, and very much appreciate your interest you have shown in game conservation. Your remarks regarding the shooting of geese on the Saskatchewan River is of special interest to me, and you can assure me that a special effort will be made this fall to stamp out this illegal shooting.

In reference to your desire to have more pheasant eggs this spring, I may say that while the Department will not be distributing eggs, a special effort will be made to send you a set and two, probably within the next two weeks.

Your desire to form a Branch of the Fish and Game League is both commendable and desirable, and it is to be hoped you will be successful in your efforts during this coming summer. Only by united and organized effort can our game be saved, and this applies especially to migratory game birds.

Your observations regarding border shooting by residents of the United States is of interest which will be discussed at a forthcoming conference to be held in July. It would be helpful if you will forward me a petition from sportsmen in your location asking an arrangement whereby reciprocal shooting privileges might be extended to citizens of the border.

Yours faithfully,
A. E. Eiter,
Game Commissioner.

Confident Social Credit Plan Can be Initiated in Province

Major Douglas, who is now in Ottawa for a few days on his way to Edmonton, is reported to follow, that he is "quite confident that effective action towards an ultimately successful conclusion of a Social Credit Plan for Canada can be initiated in Alberta."

Golfers Organize

A meeting of local golfing enthusiasts will plan this week, to organize for the season. Officers elected were: President, Dr. A. K. McNeill; Vice-President, H. Malone; Secretary, Gordon Brodie.

Another meeting will be held at the Hotel, in the old beer parlor, tonight.

Mother's Day Services

Mother's Day Services will be held in the United Church on Sunday, May 12th. At Leland, a Board meeting of the Church will be held at the close of the services.

Swindlers Placed Ahead of Gangsters as Public Menace

Washington, April 20.—"High-time" swindlers were classified today by Kidney P. Aldrich, chief post office inspector, as America's most sinister enemies. He said they are "more of a menace" than the gangsters type.

Contrasting the two strata of the underworld, he said:

"We have too much of public enemy No. 1 who gets away with \$50,000 or \$100,000 and about two or three people doing it."

"We know that there is another kind of public enemy of much greater importance."

"There are men of education and social prestige, who are familiar with big business, who organize companies under high sounding names, and using the mails to defraud, \$10 millions

St. Mary's Anglican Church

Sunday, May 10:
Services—11 a.m., Holy Communion.

Leeland — 2:00 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Cavendish — 4:30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

Emmie—7:30 p.m., Evensong and Sermon.

J. S. Vicar.

Mr. and Mrs. D. McEachern, Mr. and Mrs. W. Stothers, arrived back from a trip to California, on Thursday of last week.

What is a cowhide chiefly used for? asked the teacher.

A boy raised his hand. "I know, sir," he said brightly.

"Tell the class," said the teacher.

"To keep the cow together, sir," was the reply.—Skin Milk.

of dollars from the unsuspecting public where the so-called public enemy gets but hundreds. For every one the gangster shoots down, these smooth criminals leave a train of ruined men and women, broken hearts, deaths and suicides."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

IN THE ESTATE OF JAMES FRANCIS RIVERS, late of the post office of Empress, Alberta, Farmer, deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that the estate of the above named, James Francis Rivers, who died on or about the 11th day of November, 1934, are required to file with William Francis Rivers, Dicker, Manitoba, or Hora, Alberta, on or before the 30th day of June, 1935, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after the date the above named, James Francis Rivers, and his wife, Mary Rivers, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

Dated at Empress, 6th day of May, 1935.

W. A. CUDWELL, 204 Avenue Building, Winnipeg, Manitoba, Solicitor for the said Executrix.

HOSPITAL TEA

Held under the auspices of the Hospital Aid

will be held in the

Old Beer Parlor, Empress Hotel

on

Saturday, May 18th, from 3 to 11 p.m.

In Aid of Empress Cottage Hospital

JOB PRINTING

Visiting Cards, Business Cards
Letterheads, Statements, Envelopes, Posters, Auction Sale Posters
and Commercial Printing.

Give your next order

to the local printers.

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

You And Your Country

Throughout the length and breadth of this Dominion at public gatherings of every description, banquets, Canadian Club, Service clubs, Board of Trade meetings, political gatherings, school assemblies, etc., men and women lustily sing "O Canada, we stand guard for thee," while to the south across the border, on the 4th of April, our neighbours sing "My Country 'tis of These" and Canada, on the 1st of May, we provincialists sing "O Canada" in several Provinces into one confederation thus creating this young nation, while on July 4th our American cousins rejoice in commemorating the obtaining of their independence.

Both countries to-day, in common with the rest of the world, are facing grave difficulties—difficulties of a character resulting from the Great War, and the manifold and narrow economic maladjustments which since swept over the nations, leading them to think of "my country" only and utterly regardless of the fact—which should never have been lost sight of—in this modern world no country can think only of and live by itself alone.

Now, because these policies of national self-sufficiency of economic isolation, have failed to work in the country, have resulted in a stagnation of trade, blockade of all nations and continents, and unemployment on a gigantic scale with all its attendant losses and sufferings for millions of people prevail, men and women everywhere are no longer thinking in terms of "my country."

As the direct outcome of their personal difficulties, and this thinking of themselves instead of their fellowmen, their community and their country, in a word, narrow self-interest, have led to a condition of affairs where men and women are now demanding that instead of standing on guard for their country, the country should do everything for them as individuals. Wrong thinking has brought many people to the conclusion that the country owes everything to them, and if the country will not or cannot supply all their needs and desires, then they are entitled to do all the impossible.

There is a crying need for a reconstruction in our thinking in these trying times; it is absolutely necessary that as a people we give much more thought to fundamentals and the essentials of life. One of the most important of these fundamentals is that no person should expect or ask a government to do anything for him that he can possibly do for himself. We create governments not to do things for us that we can do for ourselves, but to do things for us that we cannot do for ourselves—single-handed we cannot do, but collectively we can do. What we can do ourselves, we ought to do and must do so that we can do better, more economically and more efficiently, and more to our satisfaction, than any government can possibly do.

A second fundamental is that in order that those things which we must rely on government to do for us, the essentials of life, we, as individuals, must supply by means through taxation to enable the government to act. Therefore, one of the first efforts of all people should be to learn to pay taxes, and to do so willingly. Unfortunately, a habit of mind has developed to an alarming extent that the payment of taxes is the last thought about which an individual can concern himself or herself, and people are prone to do any and every evasion, calculation and their efforts to government in order to avoid gratifying their desires and wishes with money which actually does not belong to them, but is rightfully the property of the State—that is, the property of all the people of the country, and the property of the community and nation. So long as this idea prevails, and is acted upon, governments can do what they are created to do, are expected to do, and would be expected to do by the people.

Within recent years thousands of people, lacking employment, have received hundreds, and some families over a period of years, thousands of dollars in relief, and in some cases, have been given employment in more normal times they provided for themselves out of wages earned. But if they are asked to do a few days or weeks work now to be credited against the amount they are entitled to, they may be asked to give up the privilege to make payment through the rendering of the service asked of them. Yet they have already been paid for such work at a rate which actually does not exceed the amount of the relief given to them. Are they giving a thought to their own how far they might go? Are they weakening their governments in the efforts being put forth in their what is your attitude to your country?

Chever Reporters

The verbatim of ship reporters is noted wherever newspapers are published. They swarmed all over a Nova Scotia, the Dominion bureau of statistics reported.

More than 32,000 people in Canada speak French their mother tongue and of this number over 24,000 are published.

For many years now, the number of Canadian and not the five and ten princess? Not a bit. They wrote a story about the "comedy of errors."

Peard divers average about one speak French their mother tongue and of this number over 24,000 are published.

Nearly 40 per cent of all college graduates have defective sight.

The Abundant Vitality of Cod Liver Oil

PLUS PLEASANT TASTE

For over fifty years doctors have specified "Scott's Emulsion", wherever the bone-building, strengthening qualities of pure cod liver oil are required. Scott's Emulsion is more than just cod liver oil. Scott's Emulsion is pure cod liver oil, emulsified for easier digestion, greater efficiency and pleasant taste.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

THE COD LIVER OIL WITH THE PLUS VALUE
For Sale by Your Druggist



Session Prorogued

Manitoba Government Authorizes Large Sum For Hydro Extension

The third session of the 19th Manitoba legislature has prorogued. Lieutenant-Governor W. J. Tupper passed during royal assent to 55 bills during the last few days of the session.

Among bills given royal assent were those providing for total expenditures of \$1,083,000 during the next fiscal year, and authorization for a capital outlay for Manitoba hydro extension over a large area.

Existing legislation making Manitoba the first province in the Dominion to take steps to provide pensions for blind persons also was approved.

From Enough

Traveling in general, I was unarmed and the ferocious beast sprang right at me. I heaved a bucket of water in its face, and to my great relief it slunk away.

Listener (after prolonged silence): It's true, boy. I met that tiger half an hour afterwards, stroked his whiskers and they were still wet.

Experiments have shown that sweet corn loses its sweetness six times as fast as baked at 88 degrees Fahrenheit as at 32.

China is to have an exchange transactions tax.

Little Journeys In Science

THE STRUGGLE TO LIVE

(By Gordon H. Guest, M.A.) Every plant and animal is exposed to unfavorable conditions and the organism must necessarily combat with these conditions in order to remain alive. No two plants or parts of the same plant, or two animals of the same living conditions and a plant meets its particular conditions either dying or by adapting itself to them.

The tree withstands the cold by closing its pores, hardening its tissues, and dropping its leaves. Many herbaceous or soft-stemmed plants meet the cold by dying to the ground, but then they send out new root parts. Some plants combat the cold by dying outright, and produce seeds to start the race to perpetuate the kind next season.

Plants adapt themselves to light, by growing towards it by bending their leaves in such a position that they catch the light. In less extreme cases, the leaves turn to the surface, or greatly lengthen their stems so as to overlap their fellows, as in trees and vines.

The struggle for existence and adaptation to conditions are among the most significant facts in nature. The environment in which a plant or an animal is placed is called environment. Environment consists of climate, temperature, soil, moisture, exposure to light, relation to food supply and contention with other plants and animals. The organism either adapts itself to its environment or else it weakens and dies.

The plants that most perfectly meet the conditions in which they are placed are the most persistent and therefore the most common.

Plants usually inherit some of the characteristics which enable them to withstand the battle of life, and the fit, that is those best adapted to their conditions, tend to increase.

Adaptation to conditions depends on the fact of competition. If plants are growing in a field and are exactly alike, they could not meet new conditions. Conditions are not static, and as the environment changes, so must the plants.

Man has modified plants and animals for his use. All our common domestic animals are very much alike. The plants that we eat are common and long-cultivated plants have varied from their original forms.

By selecting seeds from a plant that pleased him, the plant breeder has increased the number of plants more or less as he has desired. The best of the best in any plant chosen to breed on until the race becomes greatly improved. This process of continually choosing the best of the plants is known as selection. A similar natural process goes on in wild nature, and it is then known as natural selection.

Why Your Head Aches

Too Much Air In Ventrides According to Science

Does your head ache? Then there's too much air in your ventrides—tiny little spaces within the brain concerned with the spinal canal.

Science has told Dr. Fred

Spiegelman, the New York Academy of Medicine that headaches

are apt to occur when air gets into the third and lateral of these little spaces.

Hyperactive persons may derive headaches from consuming eggs or sugar and other foods. Dr. Alexander Lambert told the symposium. Excessive smoking may bring pain to another. Some persons get a headache from coffee; others may use coffee to cure the same ill.

Collects First Payment

Prince Sudhodana, Shiam's abdicated King Prajapadhipok, collected the first payment of his new reign.

He and several others agreed to give the loss of his throne. When payment was made from French and British firms for the building of the new capital, he will shew Sudhodana the amount \$40,000 a year for the rest of his life.

Taking pictures of best to read instances that thermometers cannot reach was recently described. For practical purposes it reads the insulating power of wood.

Moscow University, the Soviet Union's oldest university, will celebrate its 150th anniversary this year.

People born in Alaska are considered American citizens.

On

The couples ascended the platform in groups of four, bowed three times before the statue of Sun Yat Sen, "father of the republic," bowed twice before the chief and once to the mayor. They then received brilliantly decorated certificates which made them man and wife.

The traditional wedding vows to heaven and an ancestor, the parents and wife, and the marriage was completed in two minutes. The government charged each couple the equivalent of \$7 for the ceremony, the price including the certificate and a gift to the bride.

Large Plug 20c.



SING A SONG OF DIXIE!

Fresh as a daisy, good to your pipe,

Fine tobacco, aged and ripe.

Long lasting, fragrant, too

Dixie Plug's the smoke for you!

DIXIE
PLUG SMOKING TOBACCO

Population Readjustment

Many Families Returning To Farming Occupation Throughout Dominion

"A great readjustment of population is taking place throughout Canada, and the return of families back to farming is occurring in all parts of the country," said the Hon. W. J. Black, of Montreal, director of colonization and agriculture for the Canadian National Railways, in an interview at Winnipeg.

"The readjustment in the West in the Western region reached close to 5,000 last enquiries in 1884. From these

enquiries it has developed that 935 families from other parts of Canada, United States and drought areas were placed in 117,000 acres of land.

And the prairie offices also reported very closely with the provincial governments under the Dominion-provincial subsidized back-to-the-land scheme," Dr. Black said.

"In the three prairie provinces

822 relief families in 1918 returned to the prairie industry.

"During the last four years our western office located 5,837 families over 1,000,000 acres of land. The readjustment tends to effect a better balance between urban and rural population.

"Several new settlements were commenced in the northern areas of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. These are offshoots of various national and religious parent colonies whose younger generation is anxious to found farm homes for themselves.

"Eat More Eggs" Campaign

No Article Of Food More Nutritious Or More Universally Used

Notwithstanding the fact that Canadians, with an annual per capita consumption of eggs of 258, the largest in the world, the Canadian Board of Trade is evidently not satisfied that the people of the prairies are fully conscious of the value of eggs as food. An egg campaign was launched in that region April 1 to continue for three weeks.

Aside from the commercial importance of eggs, which is very significant in the Dominion, no article of food is more nutritious or more universally used.

"The great egg industry in the Western region handled close to 5,000 last enquiries in 1884. From these

enquiries it has developed that 935 families from other parts of Canada, United States and drought areas were placed in 117,000 acres of land.

And the prairie offices also reported very closely with the provincial governments under the Dominion-provincial subsidized back-to-the-land scheme," Dr. Black said.

"In 1884, Canadians ate more than 3,600,000,000 eggs, which, if placed end to end, would extend to a distance equal to four times the circumference of the earth. The market value of the eggs eaten in Canada was about \$30,000,000.

The Dominion was the first country in the world to introduce egg grading in 1884. This was done in 1918 for export purposes only that year. In 1923 egg grading regulations were introduced to meet the demand of the market.

"Several new settlements were commenced in the northern areas of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta. These are offshoots of various national and religious parent colonies whose younger generation is anxious to found farm homes for themselves.

Before BABY BACHEM

Mrs. George Schramm of 128 Stoney Rd., Woodstock, Ont., is the mother of a little girl. I couldn't get her to sit still, so I took a picture of her in her high chair.

She is a real baby, and she is a good baby, but she is a bit of a mischief maker. I took a picture of her in her high chair, and she is a good baby, but she is a bit of a mischief maker.

He: "May I have some stationery?"

She: "I'm sorry, I don't have any." "I'll give you some stationery."

He: "Goodness, not I'm paying two dollars for a piece of paper."

She: "I'm sorry, I don't have any."

He: "I'll give you some stationery."

She: "I'm sorry, I don't have any."

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He: "I'll give you some stationery."

She: "I'm sorry, I

An Important Discovery

Scientists Intensely Interested In Isolation of "Immune Bodies"

Isolation for the first time in pure crystalline form of one of the so-called "immune bodies" or the little-understood substance which protects immunity to disease, has been announced at Cornell University.

The discovery is of intense scientific importance because it may lead to advances in the study of the phenomenon of immunity, the process underlying body resistance.

The newly isolated substance is a hemagglutinin (something which causes red blood cells to stick together) which is found in the jack bean. There are large, white beans from a common fodder crop. The hemagglutinin was found by Prof. James B. Sumner and Stacy F. Howell, Ph.D., of the Medical College of Cornell at Ithaca.

The pure material, even when diluted 100,000 times, causes perceptible agglutination of dog and cat red blood cells. It has much less effect on man, where dilution is only 100 to 1,000 times. Cow and sheep blood react to it like man's.

Agglutinin is one of the tests for blood transfusions. When blood of two persons is not of the same type one causes agglutination in the other and cannot be used for transfusion.

This agglutination of cells is a natural phenomenon and employs to fight certain germs. Immunity to typhoid is an illustration.

The mysterious agglutinin produced by injection of the typhoid vaccine causes the typhoid germs to stick together. The inference is that when typhoid germs are thus buncheted it is easier for the white blood cells to destroy them.

Many different kinds of bacteria give rise to agglutinins. Each produces its own agglutinin, and each can agglutinate the others. In other words, the agglutinins obtained from one disease-producing bacterium is not a protection against some other kind of germ.

Agglutinins are only one of the "immune bodies." Another type is antitoxin, as in diphtheria, tetanus and botulismus antitoxin. A third is the tyxins. These have the power of breaking up cells.

The entire class of immune bodies goes by the general name of antibodies. At present they are the keys to immunization.

But their production and use is complicated. Hence the first isolation of one of them in pure, crystalline form is important because it will enable scientists to study the chemical composition of the agglutinin and possibly to produce them artificially at some future date.

Making It Simple

Marriage And Divorce In China An Easy Matter

Shanghai is rapidly becoming the divorce capital of the world. In Europe and in the interior of China to-day where the "radiant" influences of civilization have not yet penetrated, divorce is a social phenomenon beyond comprehension. But in the big cities along the coast young people have now got a divorce in Shanghai with the same facility with which American couples secure divorces at Reno. When the couple have "agreed to disagree" they have not even the irksome business of court proceedings.

They can now get married or divorced when both man and wife desire it. So the procedure has been simplified and all the couple need do is take a statment saying they wish divorce before a lawyer, pass a government stamp on it, and file it with a court. A simple statement "to whom it may concern" in a newspaper. Then they can go their separate ways.

Getting married is just as simple. Many marriages are legalized by insertion of a statement in a vernacular paper saying "We will eat out daily rice together, then Charles Linforth was fined \$15. The prosecutor said he might have been imprisoned for two months.

It has been asserted that Leonardo da Vinci was not truly ambidextrous, using either hand indiscriminately, but that he painted with his right hand and drew with the left.

Britain, too, is appalled by the mounting number of highway fatalities and proposes a thirty mile speed limit. In Britain thirty miles will mean thirty miles.



EPISODES IN THE LIVES OF THE ROYAL FAMILY

Here is another happy informal picture of Her Majesty the Queen and three of her sons spending a holiday in the Highlands of Scotland. Reading from left to right, Duke of Gloucester, H.M. the Queen, the Duke of York and the Duke of Kent.

Has Define Meaning

Privy Council Admits "OK" As Legal Answer In Court

O.K. is O.K.

Purists may shudder but the effect has gone forth. Now less a question of whether O.K. can be admitted as a legal answer in a court, and be recognized as having a definite meaning.

The Privy Council has had many strange tasks, but ruling upon the eighth of a million expressions of the tongue is one of the most strange. However, faced with the problem (brought to them from a lower court) the members did not hesitate.

Some expressed distaste for the expression; others named it a barb; others—but all joined in passing it for

And, of course, their ruling has brought up the old, old discussion—whence comes this phrase, or word, or what-ever?

The most generally accepted theory in Great Britain is that early telegraphers, whose instruments had a sort of dial, with the letters of the alphabet marked thereon with discs and who operated their machines by depressing these discs as required, found that O.K. was the easiest to use. And so, when a message was finished, and they wished to signal clear arrival of it, they used to flash back O.K.

Other countries have different versions. The United States claim to be the country of origin of the expression. The French say it started in their fair land, and is an Anglicized version of "au quai," meaning "on the quay," an expression used to signal the arrival of freight from over seas parts.

Although so much used, or perhaps because of it, the expression has countless enemies. In fact, there must be hundreds of thousands who would rather the Privy Council had given O.K. the K.O. instead of O.K.

Pat: "That was a foolish sentiment Casey expressed at the dinner last night."

Mike: "What was it?"

Pat: "He said that the swatest imitations in life are the recollections of things forgotten!"

For "screaming newspaper" at a public library in Birmingham, England, by writing racing tips on them, Charles Linforth was fined \$15. The prosecutor said he might have been imprisoned for two months.

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A Common Mistake

Works Of Great Writers Are Very Often Misquoted

A number of papers have recently been quoting Kipling's "Recessional" to the effect that "the tumult and the shambles die." Kipling, however, quotes "the silent, very earnest tumult and shambles die" practically of the same thing (and because Rudyard wanted a rhyme for "sacrifice")!

Similar words are Shakespeare's "wherein doth at the dread and fear / 'Ne'er a man like King Lear" and the words "the silent, very earnest" in this case, for example. "Out of the same mouth proceedeth blessing and cursing," the two subjects being opposite in meaning. Milton wrote: "Both death and I am found eternal." Byron referred to "What God and Turk and Time hath spared!"—Toronto Star.

Will Continue His Work

Sir Wilfred Grenfell Has No Intention Of Retiring

Sir Wilfred Grenfell sees himself "on the wrong side of 70" now but has no intention of retiring, according to his son, Oskar, 16, who came to pay him a visit. "He has much to advance our knowledge of the disease but the greatest difficulty encountered is in getting the laity to recognize their responsibility and to secure their co-operation."

An increasing number of persons come to us for advice at a time when cure is possible," he added. "But many who are well aware of the danger, continue to conceal their trouble but it is too late to save life."

Perfectly Solid

Mr. Newell Enters The Dining Room And Proudly Places The Turkey On The Table

"They are dear, my first turkey," she exclaimed.

Mr. Newell gazed with admiration at the bird's shape.

"Wonderful, darling!" he said. "How beautifully you have stuffed it!"

"Stuffed!" she echoed. "But, my dear, this one wasn't hollow."

"You should take this mulberry colored dress, madam. It would suit you as you are so pale."

"But I'm not usually pale. I am only shocked at the price."

Prince Never Bores People

Her To British Throne Has Wide Range Of Interests

That the Prince of Wales once sang the Communistic "Red Flag" to his own banjo accompaniment was revealed by Basil Maine in his biography, "The Prince's First And Last Political Act."

A political argument was ensued by the prince, to the surprise of everybody, striking up the air of the revolutionary song on his banjo, writes Maine. "How good, bad or indifferent the performance was I have no way of knowing, but it proved to be a master stroke of conciliation," the writer says.

The author tells of another occasion when the prince was to lay the cornerstone of the new parliament building in Ottawa. In the year 1926, a labor procession armed for the same day threatened to get out of hand, but the prince took a leading part in the procession and won the marchers over.

On this same tour of Canada another interesting glimpse of the Royal Highness was provided when 40,000 persons saw him sprint after a wounded soldier's hat and capture it, putting it back on the man's head himself.

"An interesting proposition," Maine writes, "was prince never to have any ambition to master that art. Since his coming of age he has shown a free and flexible mind that has impatiently cast off the shackles of diplomatic observances. The range of his interests is almost infinite, becoming the bore that a plain man or woman of good will so often is. That and his capacity for hard work has given him at the age of 40 the look of a man eight or 10 years younger."

Not Used Any More

Rocking Chairs Are Not Seen In Modern Home

Slowly, steadily, insidiously, oblivion is engulfing one of America's once cherished institutions. Rocking chairs have just about gone out. The physician touring Canada in connection with the Silver Jubilee Fund, told members of the health and welfare committee that he has none of them. Upstairs there may be one or two battered survivors. But it's away up in the attic that the good old rockers may still be found in all their faded glory.

"The supreme challenge to-day to the medical profession is to conquer this demon of cancer," Dr. Primrose said. "It is the most terrible disease that man has ever known. We have not yet stopped the rocking chairs. Merchants stopped stocking them. Inspection of one of Woodward's average biggest furniture marks the other day developed the presence of just one rocking chair in the whole place. Every other chair of the same size and view stood squarely on its four feet.

One can only theorize on this amazing trend. Abolition of the rocker may be a concession to compactness. Rocked chairs need less of the modern room's restricted floor space. And people no longer rock babies. But it's away up in the attic that the good old rockers may still be found in all their faded glory.

Or does the whole matter cut even deeper? Perhaps sitting, as such, is no longer the first art. It is the second, the second best, the third best.

Accomplished sitters are becoming very frequent now. The intimate acquaintance of persons and chairs isn't by any means what it once was. Or perhaps the rocker can ascribe its demise to the fact that it's such a clumsy perch for one to occupy in a bridge fight. —Detroit Saturday Night.

Brought Results

The New Treasurer Wrote A Letter And 50 Per Cent. Of Those In Arrears To The Church Paid Up

Mr. Newell entered the dining room and proudly placed the turkey on the table.

"They are dear, my first turkey," she exclaimed.

Mr. Newell gazed with admiration at the bird's shape.

"Wonderful, darling!" he said. "How beautifully you have stuffed it!"

"Stuffed!" she echoed. "But, my dear, this one wasn't hollow."

"You should take this mulberry colored dress, madam. It would suit you as you are so pale."

"But I'm not usually pale. I am only shocked at the price."

Canada's Bacon Trade

This Product Has Now Attained A Reputation Second To None In British Isles

"Bringing home the bacon" would be a paradoxical term to apply to Canada's most successful bacon and pig industry, as Canadian bacon is being sent away from home in increasing quantities and is held in high esteem in world markets.

Canada's total exports of bacon and ham, and shoulders and sides, have increased by more than fifteen million dollars in the past three years. In 1932 they amounted to \$3,796,871 and in 1934 they totaled \$18,652,000.

Unexcelled bacon and other pig products from the farms of the Dominion have captured the fancy of discriminating buyers on a highly competitive market, particularly during the last three years, and such an increase in the market value and economic conditions which have prevailed throughout the world is indeed a feather in the hat of Canadian agriculture. Exports of Canadian bacon and ham to Great Britain last year were 1,100,000 pounds, with a value of \$15,754,113, and the ability of the Dominion to export the product of one million hogs gave impetus to an industry from which Canadian farmers receive an income estimated at between fifty and one hundred million dollars.

The quality of Canada's bacon and pig products has earned a reputation second to none in world markets, especially in the British Isles. This achievement is due in large measure to the policy adopted by the Canadian Department of Agriculture of promoting improved production methods among hog raisers. Such innovations as the introduction of regulations governing the grading, marketing and sale of bacon, hams, cuts for export, grading of hog carcasses, and the importation of ultra-sterile pig stock for breeding purposes, as well as an intensive campaign to make producers realize the importance of scientific pig production, have been largely responsible for the gratifying results obtained.

Bacon grading is one of the cornerstones of the improvement policy, as it standardizes the quality, grade and appearance of the product exported. The introduction of scientific methods of bacon production is another important factor in raising the general level of the export product, to establish a basis of merchandising Canada's bacon as a national product, and to consolidate the Dominion's position for the future on a highly competitive market.

Soil Tillage By Canada In This Important Work

In all countries soil research is the most important work in agriculture, and in this as in other branches of science, Canada has taken a leading part. At the present time, with 100,000,000 acres of land, experimental projects in soils, over 100 separate undertakings are officially listed as being under way in Canada. The number of projects alone does not convey a true conception of the amount of research and the benefit done on soil problems. Because of the broad scope of research and experimental work in the investigation of soil problems, ranging from fundamental studies of the soil itself through the field of field experiments, to the development of new and improved methods of soil conservation, to soil fertility, field experiments and correlated laboratory investigations, 40% of soil cultivation, 5% of soil and microbiology, 5 projects. It is evident that there are opportunities for considerable development in the field of fundamental laboratory investigations in all the provinces.

This Strange Power

A human dynamo, a 50-year-old furrier, at Kainos, in Bohemia, ought to save on his electric light bills. When he holds a bulb in his hand it glows. When he strikes it with his other hand it turns violet. Holick, a man with a dynamo, has a hand of different strengths. He finds the larger the bulb the stronger the light his hand communicates.

Electricians and doctors are to examine his strange power which he discovered accidentally. He cannot account for it himself.

Visitors in Museum: "Say! don't start looking at things or we'll never get around!"



THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

THE EMPRESS EXPRESS

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U. S. Series Proprietors A. Haskin

Thursday, May 8th, 1935

Frank Shibley was a visitor to the Calgary over the week end.

Rev. H. A. Rivers, of Winnipeg, arrived here on Friday and is visiting with his brother, Wesley and Roy and their families.

Children of town, have been visitors to the hills on the out skirts of the village this past week, picking crocuses. These little flowers appear to be quite plentiful this year.

The annual Mother's Day Flower Sale, Tea and Sale of Home Cooking, under the auspices of the W.M.S., will be held in the Anderson building, Saturday, May 11th.

Rev. and Mrs. A. J. Law and Mr. and Mrs. W. Crooker were guests at the silver wedding anniversary celebration of Mr. and Mrs. H. Demarest, which was held at the farm home of the latter at Leland. It is reported that about a hundred guests were present.

Rev. H. A. Rivers of Winnipe, Man., gave the address at the United Church, on Sunday evening, speaking on "The Man With the Measuring Line." Rev. A. J. Law conducted the service.

Moisture conditions in this district are the best for a considerable time. Seeding is backward, while north of town very little seeding has been done. Sloughs and pot holes are full of water. Weather has been cold and there has been little growth to date.

Mrs. F. J. Pawlik arrived home on Saturday from her three month visit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Matz, and also with her sister, Mrs. Phil Tykwinik in Little Falls, Minn., U.S.A. On her way home she stopped off at Moose Jaw, and visited with Mr. and Mrs. Pipes and family.

Monday, which was a public holiday in honour of the Silver Jubilee of the accession of King George and Queen Mary to the throne, passed off quietly in town. Most all citizens turned out.

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on the Jubilee broadcasts. News of attendant ceremonies and the celebrations which took place in the large cities were read with interest.

Catholic Church

Sunday, May 5th, was chosen by the Governor in Council and approved of by the Archbishops and Bishops of Canada, as a suitable day on which the Canadian people should thank God for the liberties and happiness enjoyed during the twenty five years of the reign of His Majesty King George the Fifth. In celebration of which services were held by Rev. Leo Sullivan as follows:

Masses at Empress at 9:30 a.m.; Cleveland at 11:15 a.m. The TB DEUM was chanted at the conclusion of both Masses.

Sieb, Setran, who has been spending the winter at the home of his mother, at Elbow Lake, Minnesota, arrived back in town Saturday. He says

that conditions in the States in that part seemed fairly good. Prices were high, but there apparently was a good volume of business and much car travelling being done, although there was quite a number on relief.



Care Of The Infant

We believe that every mother desires to do what is best for her child. All of us hope that every baby will receive proper care, so that he may grow up into a healthy adult.

A great responsibility rests upon every mother. A great responsibility and, at the same time, a great privilege. For upon the mothers of this country are artificial feedings.

Why are babies artificially fed? There are a few who are

today depends the health of the citizens of the next generation.

The infant is absolutely dependent upon his mother. Beyond his ability to express pain and hunger by means of crying, he is a very helpless creature. It is this extreme helplessness that in many ways is so appealing to the mother, while at the same time it makes great demands upon her.

It is a fact that a great deal of the sickness which occurs amongst infants is due to the fact that mothers instead of nursing their babies, put them on artificial feedings.

There are a few who are

so unfortunate as to lose their mothers, and also, in a few cases, the mother's illness, as for example when she has tuberculosis, makes it impossible for her to nurse her child. But in the vast majority of cases it is because the mother does not know that she is doing the wrong thing when she weans her baby. Indeed she thinks, for some reason she cannot nurse her child. As a matter of fact there are very few women who cannot nurse their babies, but in many cases they need some instruction as to how to do it or they will fail in their attempt.

We therefore urge upon all mothers, in fairness to them selves and to their children, never to wean their babies because they are finding difficulty in nursing, or because they think the child is not doing well, or because some well-meaning friend or neighbour tells of some wonderful article of food. To do so is a serious

mistake. Seek advice from your family doctor, he will tell you what you need to know so that you can nurse your baby and so give him the best chance to grow up into a healthy adult. Never wean the baby unless advised to do so by your family physician.

Farmer's Fish Story

Mt. Lehman, May 4—Eighteen years ago a baby trout was placed in Arthur Gladhill's well, on his farm here. Each year, when the well received its annual cleanup, the trout was placed in a tub of water and later returned to its home.

This year, when the well was cleaned, the trout was still there. It is full grown now and undergoes the annual transfer from well to tub without excitement. It even shows signs of friendliness toward members of the family, they say.

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